

Corporate Presentation

January 2022



Forward-Looking Statements Disclaimer

Statements contained in this presentation and oral statements made regarding the subject of this presentation regarding matters that are not historical facts are “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our business plans and objectives, including future plans or expectations for our product candidates, clinical trials of our product candidates, and expectations regarding our uses and sufficiency of capital; and other statements containing the words “anticipate,” “believe,” “continue,” “could,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “may,” “might,” “plan,” “potential,” “predict,” “project,” “should,” “target,” “would,” “could,” “continue” and similar expressions, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Risks that contribute to the uncertain nature of the forward-looking statements include: uncertainties regarding the success, cost, and timing of the our product candidate development activities and clinical trials; uncertainties as to the potential impact to our clinical trials and operations of the COVID-19 pandemic; the risk that results from a clinical trial may not be predictive of the results of other future clinical trials; potential regulatory developments in the United States and foreign countries; uncertainties inherent in estimating future expenses, capital requirements and other financial results; risks with respect to our ability to fund our operations on a continuing basis; as well as the other risks and uncertainties set forth in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2021, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and in subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. All forward-looking statements contained in this presentation speak only as of the date of this presentation. We undertake no obligation to update such statements to reflect events that occur or circumstances that exist after the date on which they were made.

This presentation includes statistical and other industry and market data that we obtained from industry publications and research, surveys and studies conducted by third parties as well as our own estimates of potential market opportunities. Industry publications and third-party research, surveys and studies generally indicate that their information has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, although they do not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information. We believe that these third-party sources and estimates are reliable but have not independently verified them. Our estimates of the potential market opportunities for our product candidates include several key assumptions based on our industry knowledge, industry publications, third-party research and other surveys, which may be based on a small sample size and may fail to accurately reflect market opportunities. While we believe that our internal assumptions are reasonable, no independent source has verified such assumptions. The industry in which we operate is subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk due to a variety of important factors that could cause results to differ materially from those expressed in the estimates made by third parties and by us.

Executive Summary

Differentiated MOA

Only oral dual acting MOA in clinical development that works both peripherally and centrally to rebalance the kappa and mu receptors, both of which are important in mediating pruritus and cough

Strong Pruritus Data

Statistically significant pruritus reduction in uremic pruritus Ph2b/3 trial
Prurigo nodularis (PN) Ph2a WI-NRS reduction vs. placebo
Prurigo nodularis Ph2a open-label extension demonstrated disease improvement¹

Near Term Data for Lead Indications

Near-term data expected in large attractive markets with broad expansion opportunities
Pruritus in PN Ph2b/3 and chronic cough in idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF) Ph2a topline data expected in 1H 2022

Experienced Management

Experienced management team with several successful drug approvals in relevant indications

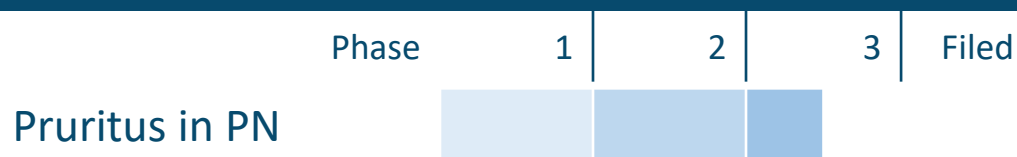
Strong IP

18 issued US and foreign patents with terms expiring from 2026 to 2032 and additional applications with terms, if issued, expiring from 2032 to 2041

HADUVIO™ (nalbuphine ER) Advancing Two Lead Clinical Programs with Expected Readouts 1H 2022



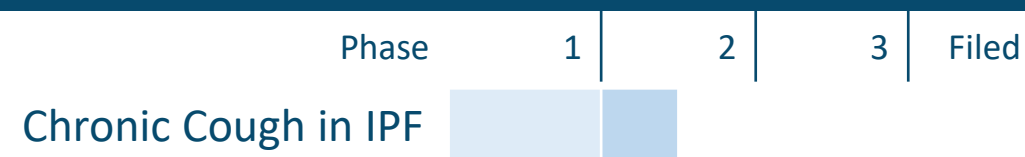
Pruritus Associated with Prurigo Nodularis¹



- Enrollment to end January 31, 2022
- Data expected in 1H 2022
- FDA Fast Track designation granted for moderate to severe pruritus in PN



Chronic Cough in Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis



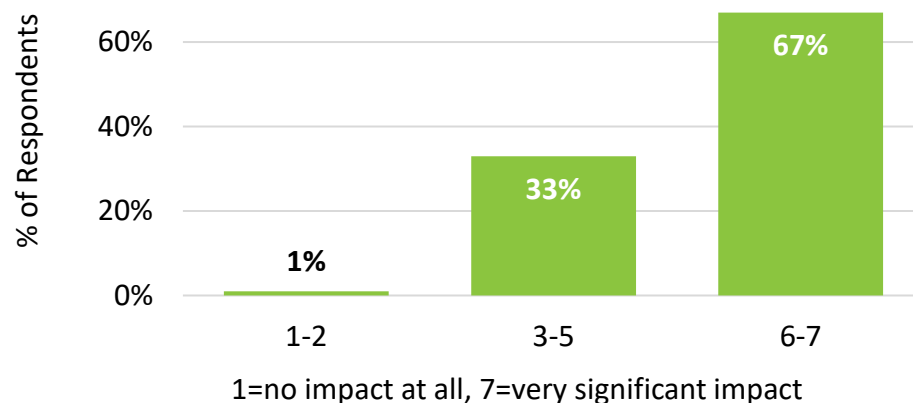
- Phase 2 proof-of-concept trial n=44
- Planned interim statistical update expected 1Q 2022
- Data expected in 1H 2022

Attractive Categories for Lead Indications

Pruritus Associated with Prurigo Nodularis

- ✓ No approved therapies
- ✓ No oral option available
- ✓ High unmet need
- ✓ PN is a serious, potentially debilitating, chronic skin condition^{1,2}

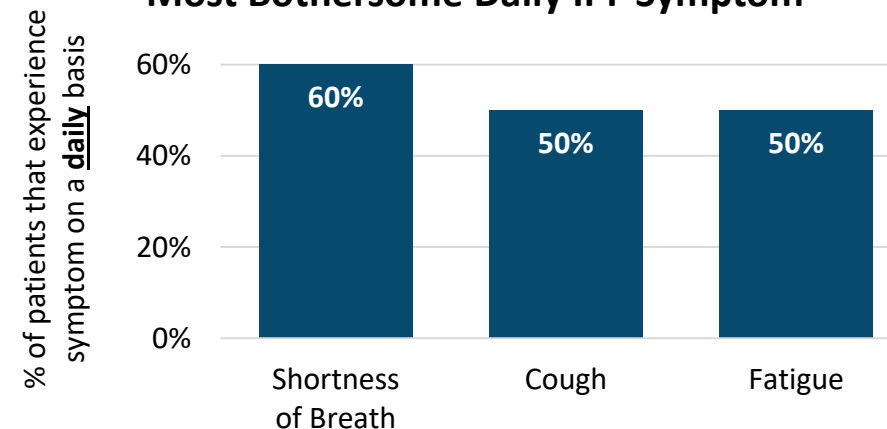
Dermatologist View on PN Impact on QoL³ (N=126)



Chronic Cough in Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis

- ✓ No approved therapies
- ✓ No oral option available
- ✓ High unmet need
- ✓ IPF is a life-threatening, debilitating disease⁴

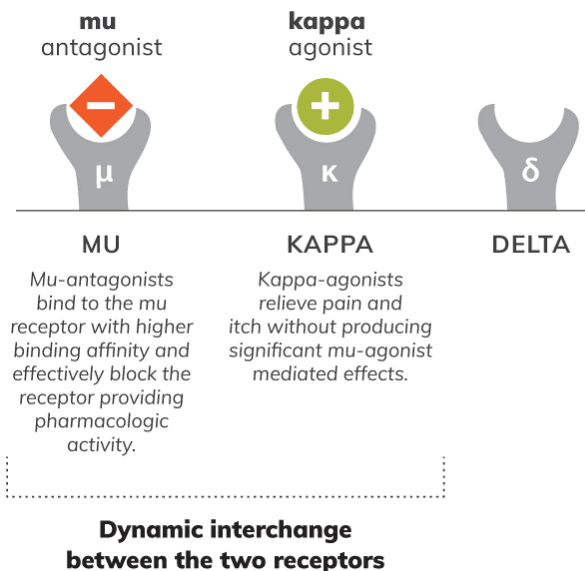
Most Bothersome Daily IPF Symptom⁴



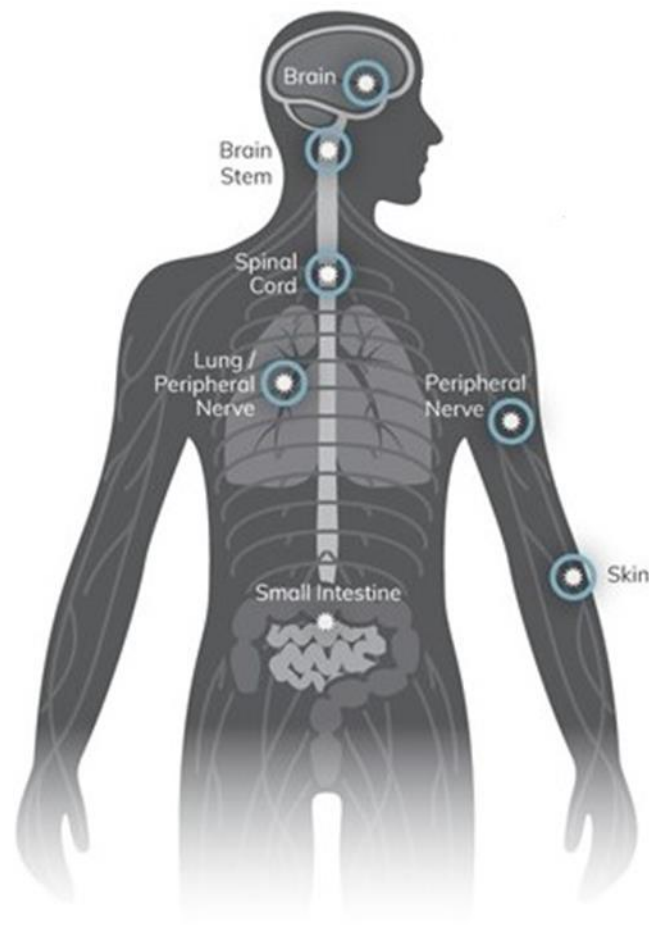
Broad Applications for Mechanism of Action of HADUVIO™

Haduvio™ targets the endogenous opioid system to treat serious neurologically mediated conditions

Haduvio™ has a dual mechanism of action that affects both mu and kappa opioid receptors:



Opioid receptors exist throughout the body



Chronic Pruritus

- Reward parts of brain
- Spinal cord
- Skin
- Peripheral skin nerves

Both mu antagonists and kappa agonists have shown pharmacological activity in reducing pruritus

Chronic Cough

- Brain stem
- Lung
- Peripheral lung nerves

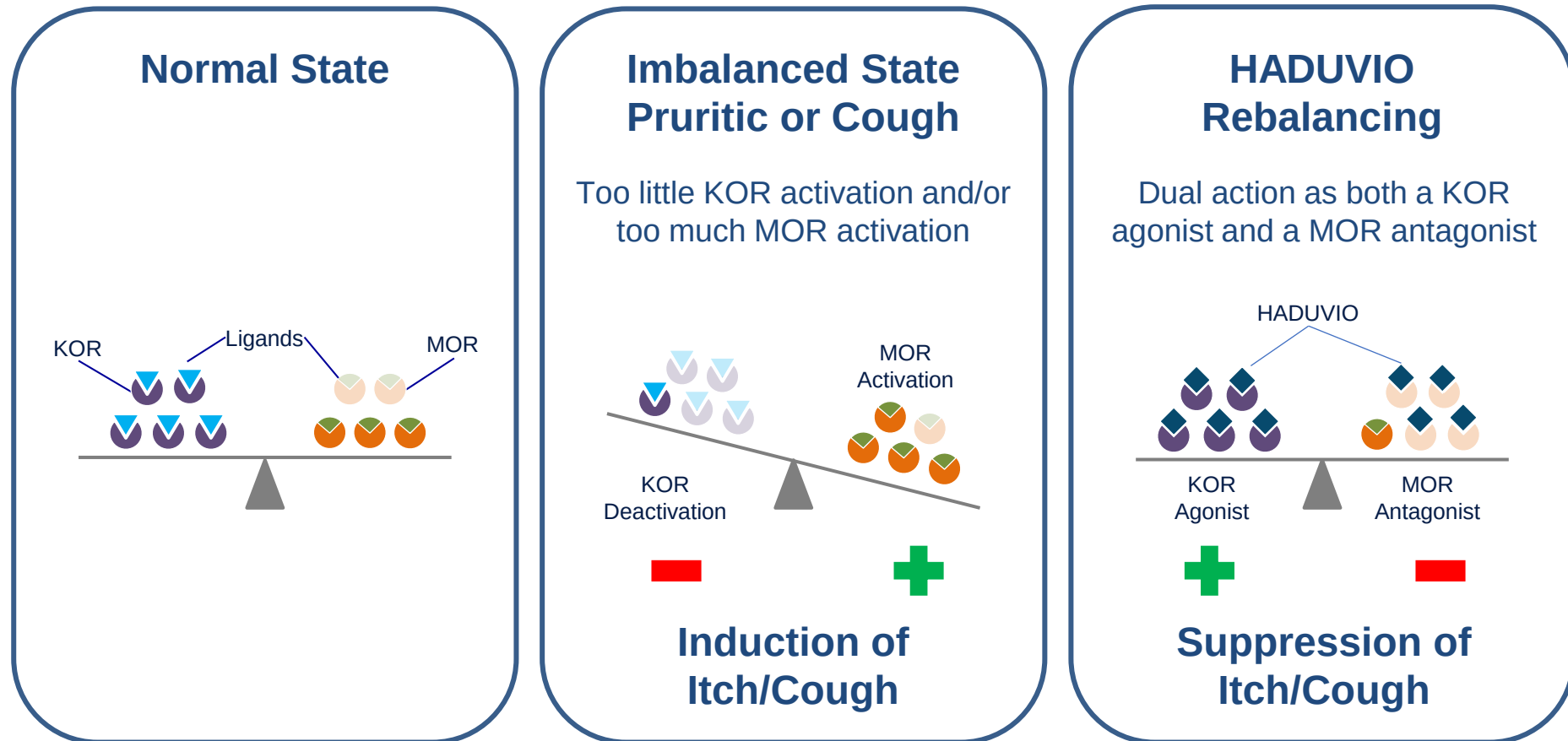
Opioid receptors are believed to play an important role in the modulation of respiration and cough

Levodopa Induced Dyskinesia (LID)

- Thalamus/basal ganglia

Pharmacologic intervention of both mu and kappa receptors has potential to impact the generation of LID

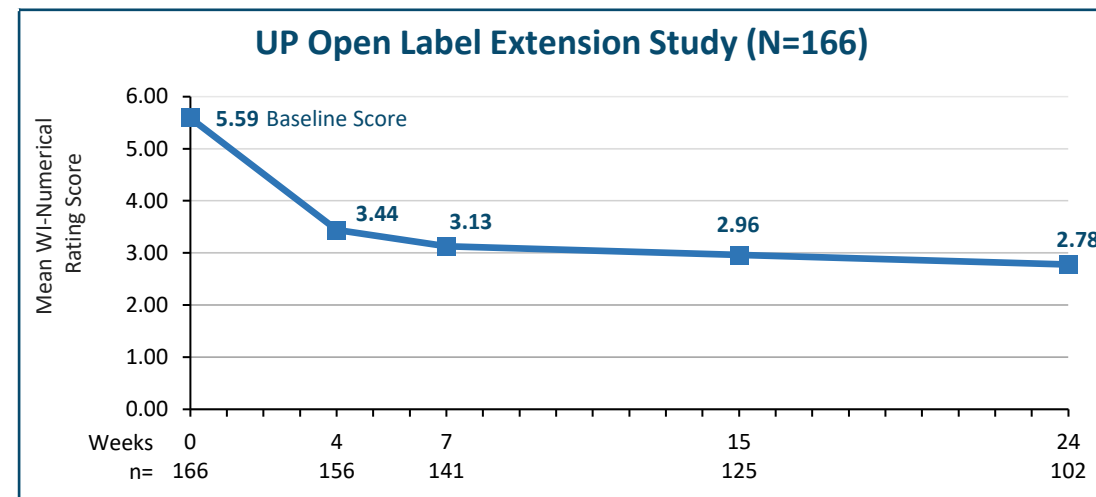
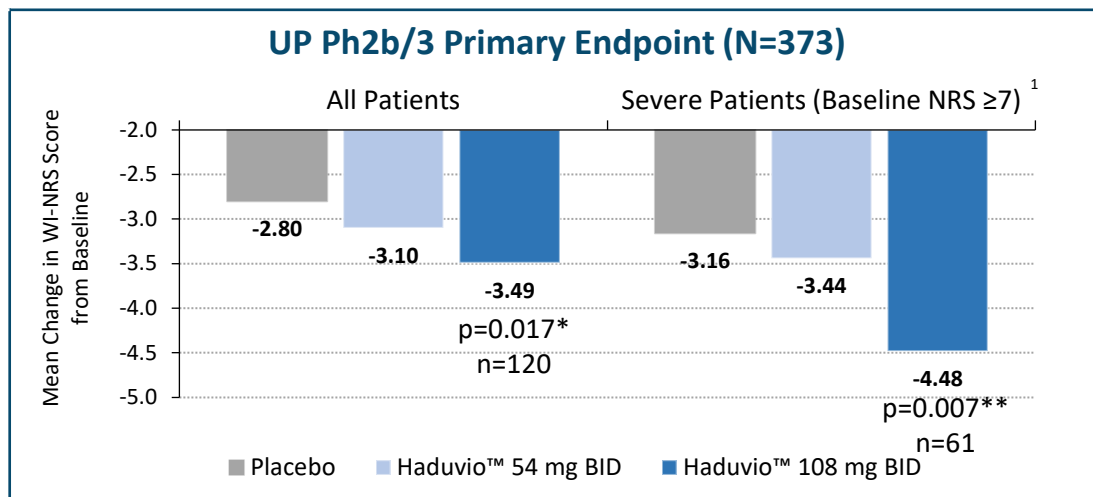
HADUVIO™ Acts by Rebalancing Kappa (KOR) and Mu (MOR) Pathways to Regulate Itch and Cough



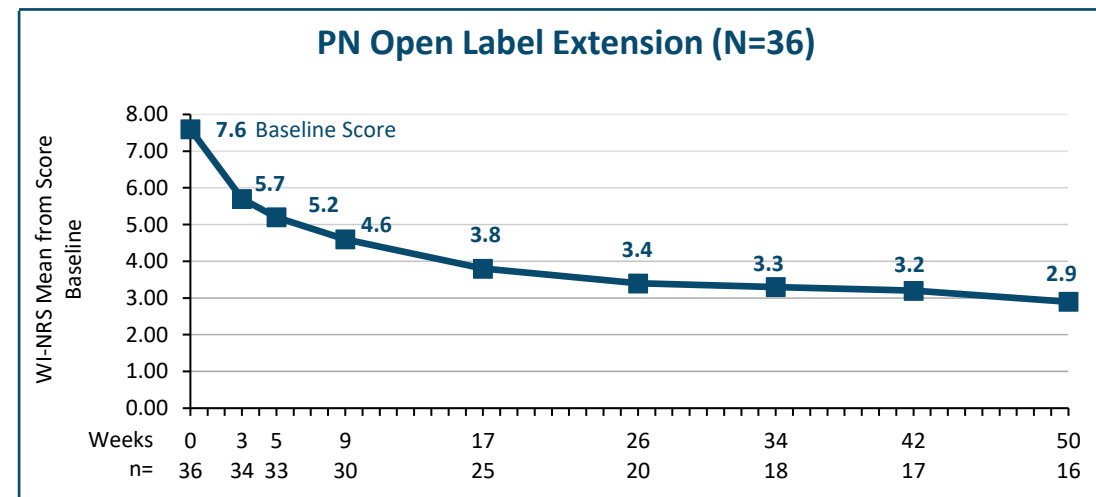
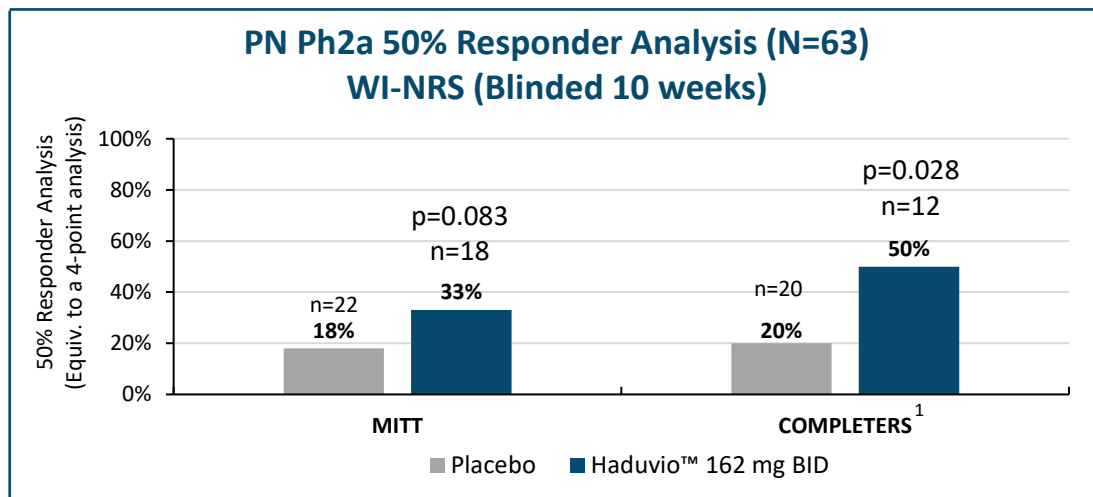
HADUVIO™ Showed Durable Results in Itch Across Multiple Studies and Endpoints

Over 400 subjects studied with moderate to severe pruritus

Uremic Pruritus (UP)



Prurigo Nodularis (PN)



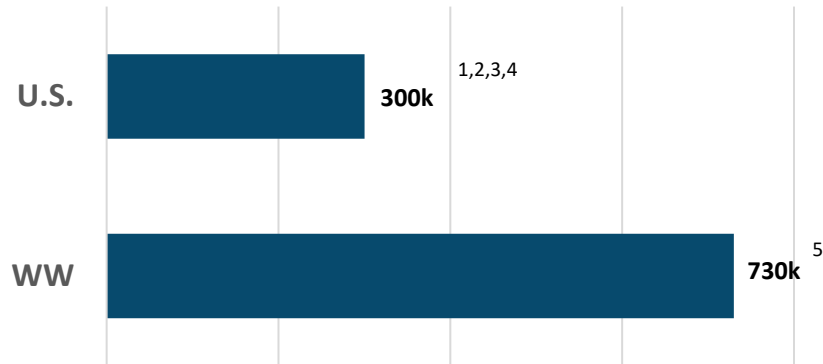


Chronic Pruritus in Prurigo Nodularis

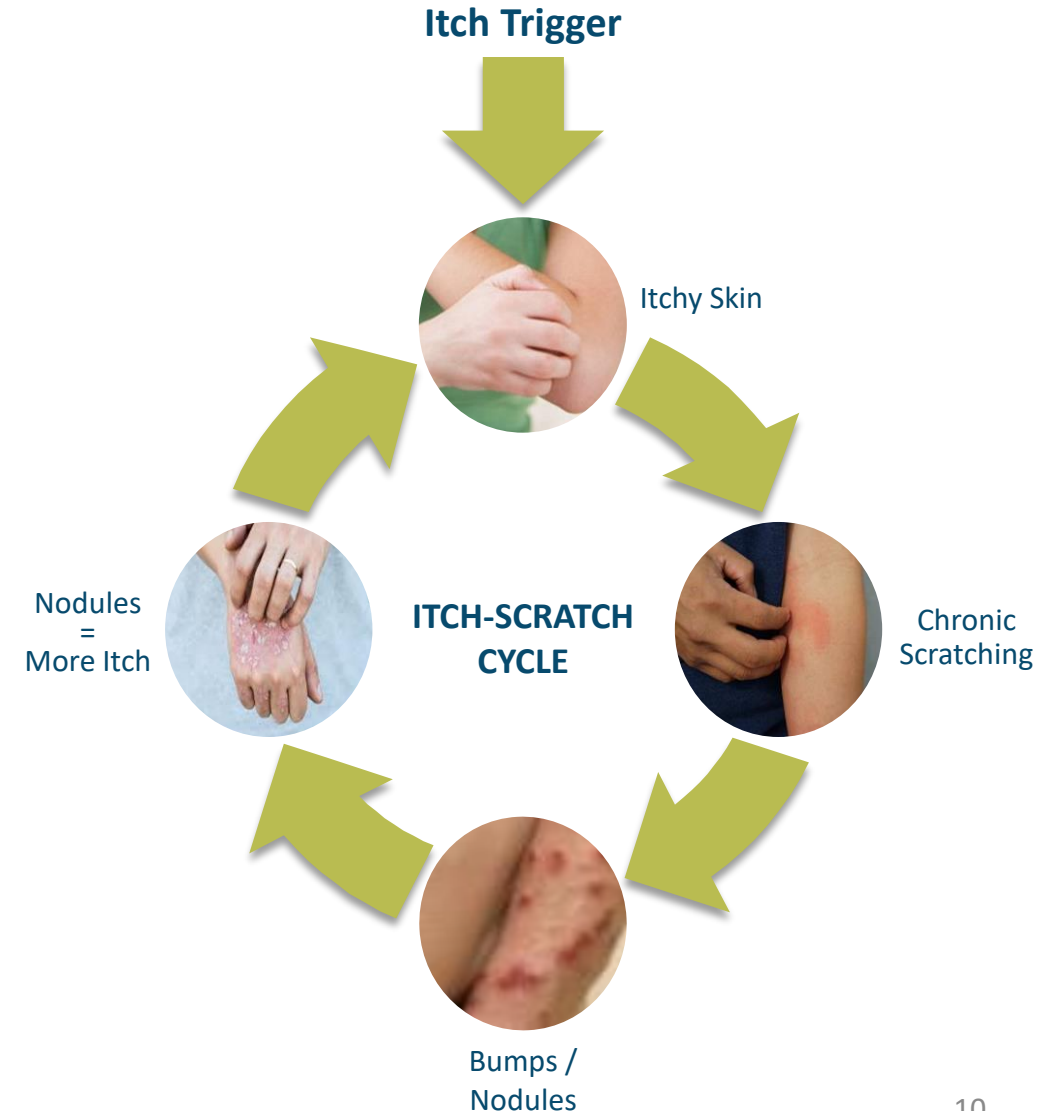


Opportunity to be the First Oral Therapy Approved in Pruritus Associated with Prurigo Nodularis

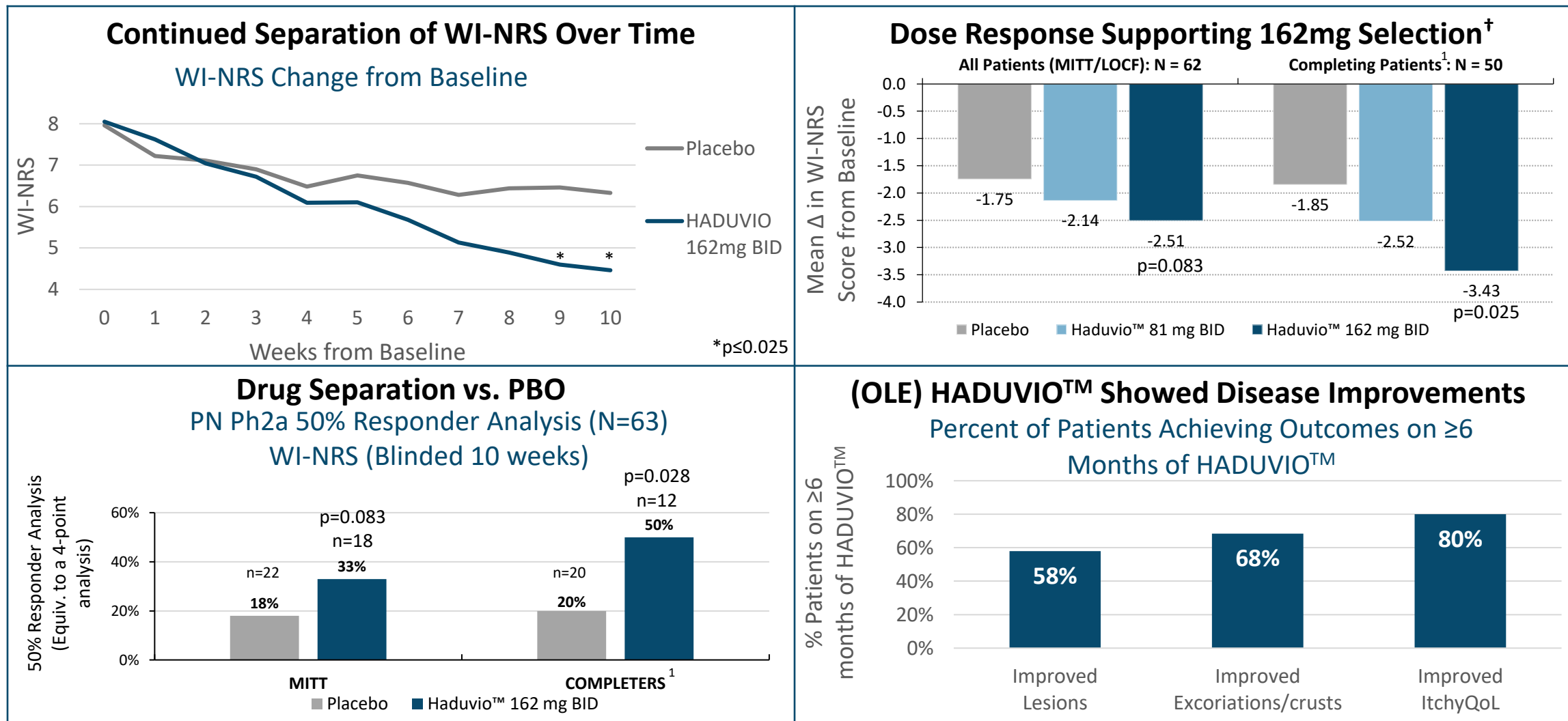
Current PN Prevalence



- Current off-label treatments for itch lack efficacy and/or have an unfavorable AE profile
 - We believe 40-50% of patients are uncontrolled on off-label therapies
- Oral therapy enables opportunity to be used in earlier lines of therapy
- Many underlying etiologies of itch, but initial scratching may create an itch-scratch cycle resulting from central and/or peripheral nervous tissue changes^{6,7,8,9}



Results from Ph2a Prurigo Nodularis Trial and Open Label Extension (OLE)



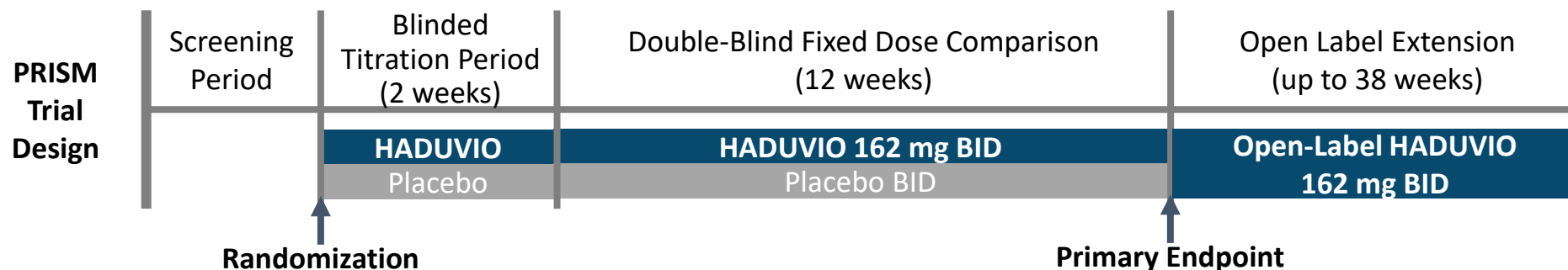
Phase 2b/3 PRISM Trial Design (N=360)

Top-Line Data Expected 1H 2022



Optimizations from Ph2a to Ph2b/3 PRISM Trial

Increased Powering	Enriched Population	Increased Duration
63 patients (Ph2a) → 360 patients (Ph2b/3)	Focusing on severe population WI-NRS ≥ 5 (Ph2a) → WI-NRS ≥ 7 (Ph2b/3)	10 weeks (Ph2a) → 14 weeks (Ph2b/3)



Trial Status:

- 60+ Sites
- Enrollment ends January 31, 2022

Inclusion Criteria:

- Worst-Itch Numerical Rating Scale (WI-NRS) Score ≥ 7
- 10+ pruriginous nodules
- PN present on at least 2 separate body parts

Primary Efficacy Endpoint (responder analysis):

- % WI-NRS Responders for NAL-ER versus PBO
- Responder = 4-point reduction from baseline at Wk 14

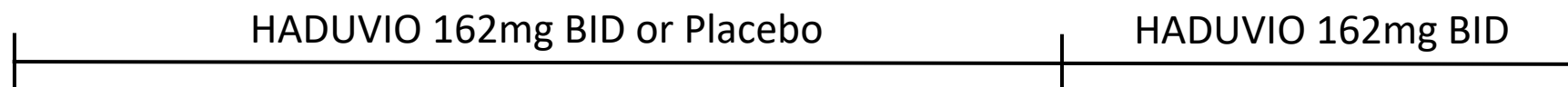
Key Secondary Endpoints (change from baseline):

- QoL (ItchyQoL)
- Skin lesions
- Sleep disturbances

Open Label Extension:

- ~90% of subjects who reached Wk 14 have continued into the open label extension
- Long-term safety
- Durability of effect
- Lesion healing

Patient Images from PRISM



Baseline



Week 14



Week 52



Baseline



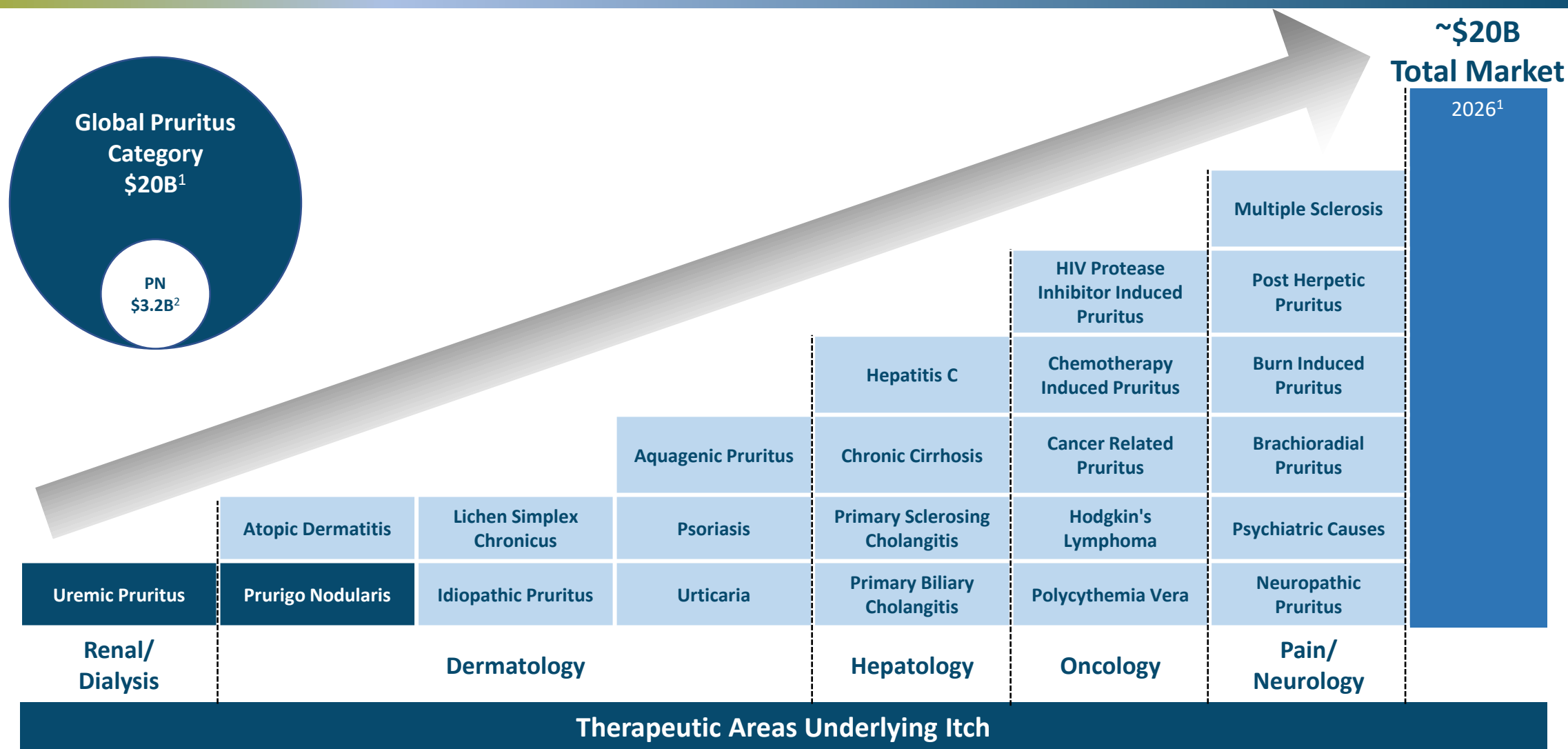
Week 14



Week 28



Potential Market Opportunity Across a Broad Array of Chronic Pruritic Conditions



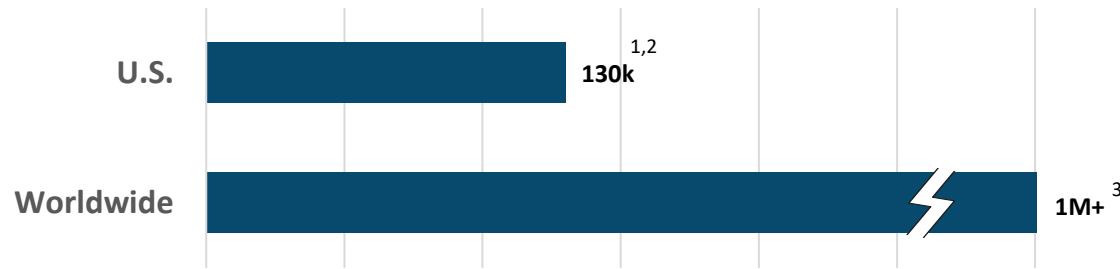


Chronic Cough in Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis



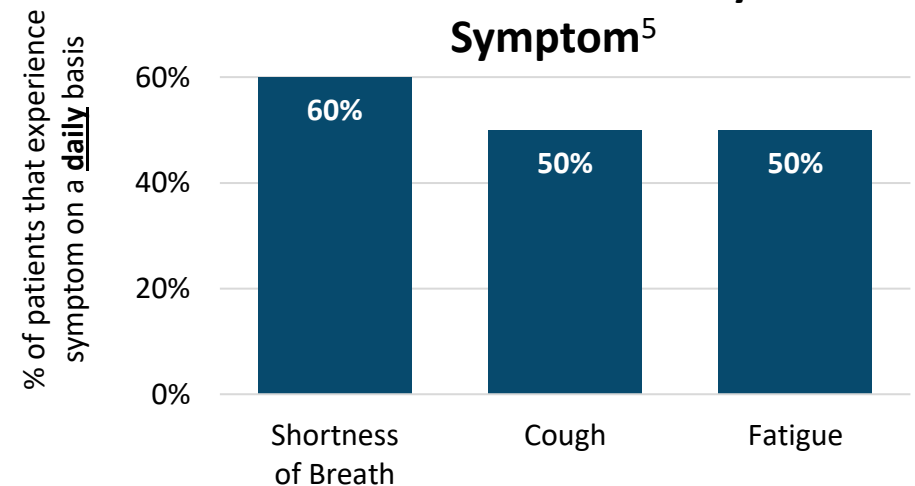
Opportunity to be First in Class for Chronic Cough in Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis

Current IPF Prevalence

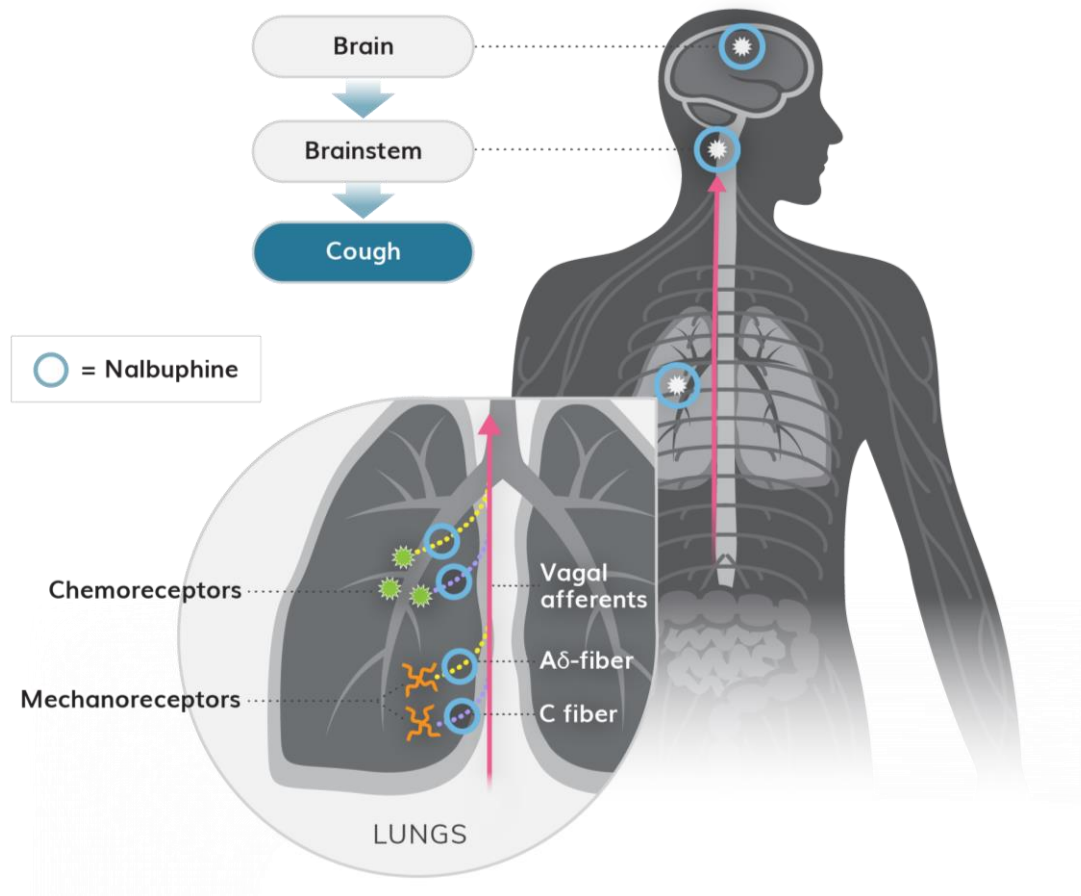


- 70% to 85% of IPF patients are reported to suffer from chronic cough⁴
- Cough is one of the most bothersome symptoms of IPF⁵
 - ≥75% of IPF patients report cough as being one of their most significant symptoms
- Current IPF therapies (anti-fibrotics), which have not been shown to reverse disease progression, are not labeled to reduce cough frequency/severity

Most Bothersome Daily IPF Symptom⁵



Nalbuphine ER has the Potential to Work at Multiple Pathways in IPF Chronic Cough



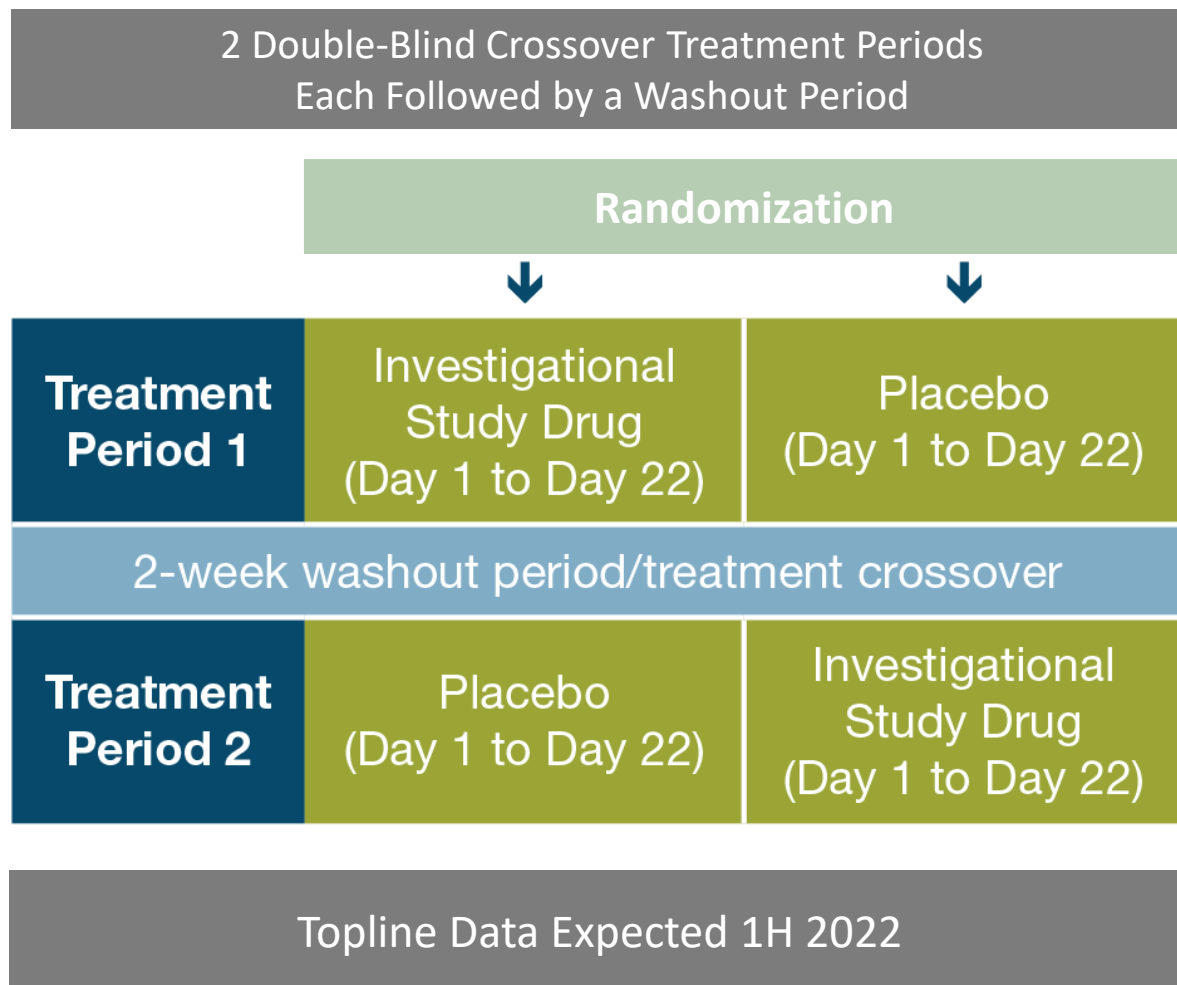
Mu, kappa and delta receptors are found in the respiratory regions of the brain stem, lung and peripheral lung nerves

Endogenous opioids are believed to play an important role in modulating respiration¹

Nalbuphine prevented sufentanil-induced cough during anesthesia induction²

Chronic Cough in IPF Recruiting in the UK

Phase 2a Trial (Enroll 60 patients with 44 Completers)



Planned interim statistical update expected 1Q 2022

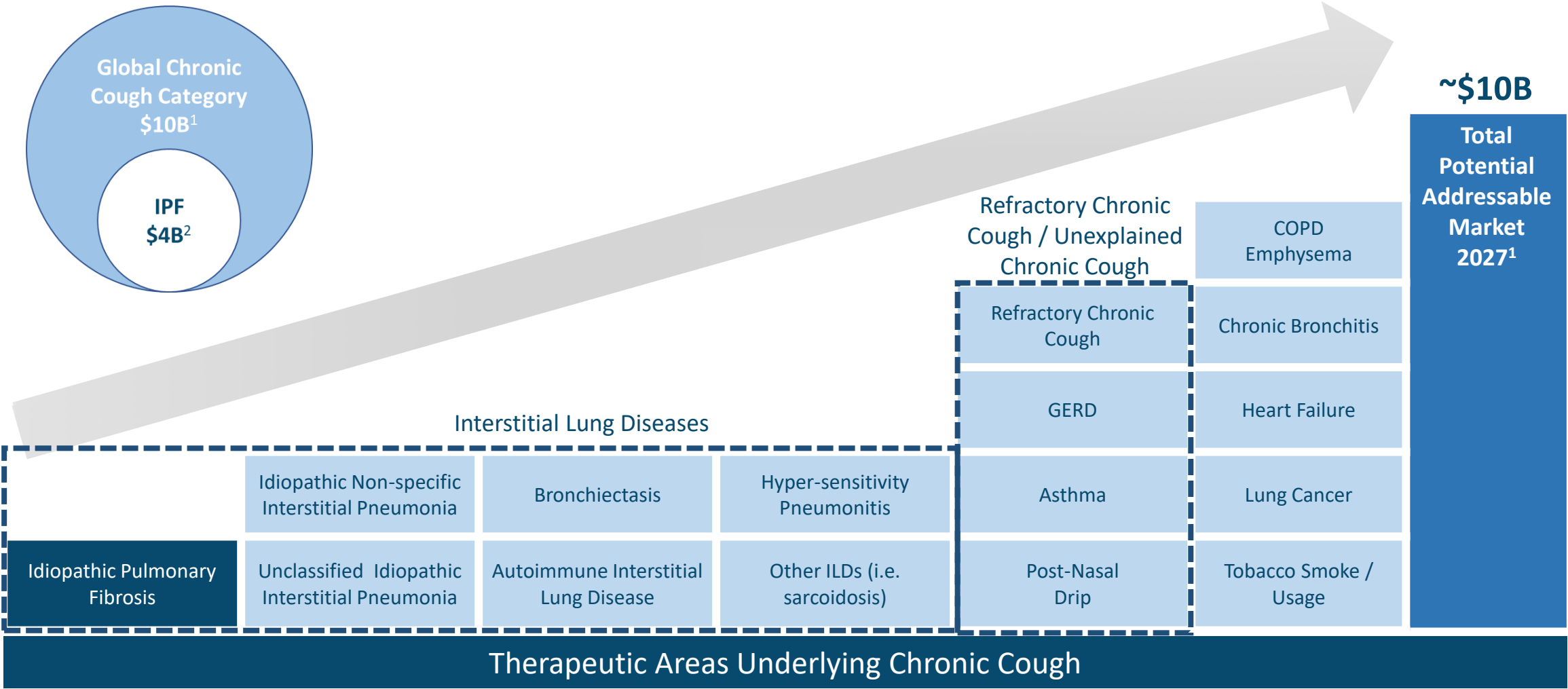
Primary endpoint

- Mean percent change in daytime cough frequency from baseline as measured by a digital cough monitor between the nalbuphine ER and placebo treatments

Secondary endpoints measured at various time points:

- Cough
- Fatigue
- Dyspnea

Potential Market Opportunity Across a Broad Array of Chronic Cough Conditions



Upcoming Milestones 2022—Key Data readouts in 1H

Date	Milestone
Jan 31, 2022	PRISM (Pruritus in PN Phase 2b/3) Enrollment Ends
1Q 2022	CANAL (Cough in IPF Phase 2) Interim Statistical Update Results
1H 2022	CANAL Topline Data
1H 2022	PRISM Topline Data



Trevi Value Proposition

Rebalancing the Itch/Cough Pathway

Dual acting MOA in clinical development that works both peripherally and centrally to rebalance the kappa and mu receptors, both of which are important in mediating pruritus and cough

Existing Safety and Efficacy Data

Statistically significant pruritus reduction in uremic pruritus Ph2b/3 trial
Prurigo nodularis Ph2a WI-NRS reduction vs. placebo
Prurigo nodularis Ph2a open-label extension demonstrated disease improvement¹

Broad Potential Use Across Therapeutics Areas

Ability to utilize Nalbuphine ER across a variety of Therapeutic Areas that experience itch and cough

Near Term Data for Lead Indications

Near term data in large attractive markets with broad expansion opportunities
Pruritus in PN Ph2b/3 and cough in IPF Ph2a topline data 1H 2022

Thank You

